Exceptional Score Reduction under the

World Handicap System™

What is an exceptional score reduction?

Exceptional score reduction is a safeguard built into the Handicap Index[®] calculation.

A good score will usually lower a player's Handicap Index. However, if the score qualifies as exceptional, an additional reduction is applied to better reflect the player's demonstrated ability.

When does an ESR apply?

If a Score Differential™ is 7.0 strokes or better than your Handicap Index at the time of play.

There are two levels of reductions:

- 7.0 9.9 strokes better -1.0 applied to each Score Differential in your scoring record*.
- 10.0 strokes or better -> -2.0 applied to each Score Differential in your scoring record*.

Can I see an example?

A player with a Handicap Index of 9.7 posts an exceptional score on November 5. Let's see the impact:

Posted New Score		ESR Applied		Summary
Date Played	Score Diff.	ESR	Score Diff. (reduced)	
Nov. 5	2.1	-1.0	1.1	Handicap Index at time of play: 9.7
Oct. 29	14.8	-1.0	13.8	Triggering Score Differeential: 2.1
Oct. 16	9.7	-1.0	8.7	Difference: 7.6 strokes better - 1.0 ESR applies
Sept. 21	11.3	-1.0	10.3	11
				Handicap Index after revision: 7.6
Apr. 28	8.3	-1.0	7.3	(Without the ESR, the H.I. would have been 8.6)

Illustrative only - (...) represents scores 5-19 in the scoring record

What else should I know?

- Any ESR is clearly marked in the scoring record typically denoted with an "E".
- While uncommon, multiple exceptional scores will lead to cumulative reductions.
- Future Score Differentials won't be reduced (unless they also qualify as exceptional) allowing the impact of the ESR to fade over time.



^{*}The scoring record is the score that triggered the ESR + previous 19 posted scores (total of 20 scores). If fewer scores exist, the reduction applies to all available scores.